Are you aware of what the National Small Vessel Safety Regulations require of you?



The Merchant Shipping (National Small Vessel Safety) Regulations, 2007, place the onus on the owner and in some cases the master as well, to ENSURE that the vessel and the crew comply with the requirements of the regulations at all times.

The SAMSA surveyors do NOT replace the owners and crew in matters of safety and their main function is to ensure that the owner, master and crew are in fact making reasonable efforts to apply regulations and maintain safety standards.

To assist the vessel's owner, owner's representative or skipper to manage safety aboard, the following checklist (and guideline) has been compiled for your attention.

Please note that this document only covers the main issues, copies of the regulations and the amendments are published in both English and Afrikaans and may be purchased in Gazette form from the Government Printer, however, electronic copies (i.e. English text and already corrected with the latest amendments) of the regulations may be accessed from the SAMSA website: http://www.samsa.org.za/content/boating

APPLICATION: Regulation 37 Pleasure vessels, except passenger vessels, that are:

Cat E & R power driven vessels <u>not</u> exceeding 15 horse power; and Cat D, E & R sailing dinghies and non-power driven vessels of <u>less than</u> 7m length

Pleasure vessels, listed above, are not required to be inspected or issued with a *Certificate of Fitness*. However, owners of these vessels must ensure compliance with the regulations.

Skippers need NOT be certificated.

It is recognised that a large variety of vessels of this category are found on our waters, owners are encouraged to consult with SAMSA where uncertainty in compliance exists.

Definitions:

Category D: vessels operating less than 5 nautical miles from shore

Category E: vessels operating not more that 1 nautical mile from shore and 15 miles from an approved launch site

Category R: vessels operating solely on sheltered waters

Sheltered waters: includes: tidal lagoon; tidal river; waters within the breakwaters of a port; and inland waters.

Inland waters: waters of any dam, lagoon, lake, river or wetland, which are not tidal waters

Pleasure vessel: a vessel that is used solely for sport or recreation

Commercial vessel: a vessel that is not a pleasure vessel

Passenger vessel: a vessel that carries more than 12 passengers

Passenger: any person carried on a vessel, except persons employed as crew; rescued survivors and infants under one year of

age

WHO SHOULD SURVEY YOUR VESSEL?

Pleasure vessels of this category are not required to be inspected or certificated by SAMSA or an Authorised Agency. Owners must ensure compliance with the regulations. This checklist could be a useful tool to ensure compliance with the regulations.

Competent and Responsible Manning		٧
Crewing Regulation 14	The owner of a vessel must ensure that the vessel is operated under the constant guidance of a skipper who is physically able and of sound mental health. In addition the owner must ensure that the vessel is sufficiently and efficiently manned for the intended voyage or operation.	
Essential Safety Information Regulation 7	On EVERY occasion and BEFORE the vessel is operated the skipper must; 1. ensure that every person aboard receives essential and appropriate safety information; such as the location of the safety appliances and equipment aboard as well as instruction in the use of such items; and 2. ensure that the safety appliances and equipment are inspected, fit and ready for use.	
Fuel reserve Regulation 8	A reserve of not less than 25% over and above the requirement for the intended voyage	
Operational Limits Regulation 10	No person may operate a vessel beyond the distance from shore for the category it is licensed.	
Carrying persons in excess Regulation 11	Owners must not exceed the number of persons carried onboard their vessels, as specified by the manufacturer, when operating their vessels.	
Voyage information Regulation 12	Before a vessel goes to sea, the particulars of the vessel and the names of the crew are to be left with the harbour master, at the launch site, or in certain cases, relatives, a police station or responsible person. Where local authorities or authorized agents have implemented reporting mechanisms, these shall be complied with. Upon returning from sea or the voyage, the person or authorities with whom the voyage information were left, must be informed accordingly.	
Vessels in distress and reporting dangers Regulation 13	It is the duty of a skipper to report dangers to navigation and assist persons in distress.	
Physical and mental fitness Regulation 17	No person may operate a vessel or vessel's equipment whilst under the influence of alcohol or drugs. (Maximum of 0, 05 gram/100 ml alcohol in blood or 0, 24 mg/1000 ml alcohol in breath). No person may refuse that a specimen of blood or breath be taken. No person may operate a vessel if he/she is not physically able to do so and/or of sound mental health.	
BUOYANCY	Vessels are to have sufficient buoyancy to keep the vessel <u>afloat</u> when completely swamped.	
Regulation 37(3)(a)	Definition of <u>afloat</u> for CAT D & E and R:	
Policy: Marine Notice 8 of 2012 It is not required to carry buoyancy certificates for this type of boat. Owners may wish to prove the installed buoyancy in their boat by	CAT D & E: Swamped vessel must provide a level platform able to support the full complement of persons onboard the vessel, whether the vessel is upright or capsized.	
documenting this in a certificate. Exceptions:	<u>CAT R:</u> Swamped vessel must provide a buoyant section onto which the full complement of persons onboard the vessel can hold, whether the vessel is upright or capsized.	
 Vessels participating in an organised event under the auspices of an authorised agency are exempted only for the duration of the event. 	Compliance with buoyancy must be proved by calculation or test, showing that the vessel will stay afloat when completely swamped (filled with water).	
	NOTE: There is NO requirement for built-in buoyancy if the vessel can survive swamping as described above.	
	Built-in buoyancy: Where built-in buoyancy is required to ensure compliance with above it must be installed in accordance with the SAMSA policy.	

SAFETY APPLIANCES AND EQUIPMENT: Category R (LGSC/COF) Annexure 2(1)(2) of National Small Vessel Safety Regulations, 2007.

Safety Item No	Description	Remarks				,
1	Approved Buoyancy aid	DAY OPERATIONS	SANS 12402-5	Level 50	ONE per	T
		NIGHT OPERATIONS	SANS 12402-3	Level 150	Person	
	To be fitted with the following:	Pleasure Vessels				
	a) Whistle	PFD's to be worn by:				
	b) Lifting loop	a) every child under 12 (twelve) years of age on deck whilst the vessel is underway				
	c) Retro-reflective material					
		b) when directed by the skipper				
	These devices provide for continuous wear	c) persons engaged in water skiing activity				
	and provide lift, without significant face-up					
	turning ability	The limitations of a buoyancy aid must be taken into account by				
	Where the people onboard the vessel are	the skipper and the use of such buoyancy aid in lieu of a lifejacket				
	NOT competent swimmers, SAMSA strongly	should only be allowed when circumstances dictate as				
	recommends that sufficient level 100	determined by a proper risk assessment by the skipper.				
	lifejackets be provided.	SAMSA advises recreational vessels to consider the wisdom of				
		wearing a comfortable buoyancy aid at all times whilst on the				
		water.				
		SAMSA strongly recommends an approved light; if operating at				
		night.				
2	750 ml of drinking water	ONLY for vessel operating at sea, not required for sail boards.				
3	Unexpired approved projectile flare set	Cat E and D: Minimum of 6 flares.				
		Flares are NOT required for cat R vessels.				
		Cat R should carry any a	alternative means o			1
4	Suitable tow line	Not less than 10m in le	alternative means on the second of the secon			<u> </u>
5	Bailing device	Not less than 10m in lead Only on vessels that are	alternative means on ngth, not required for not self draining			<u> </u>
5 6	Bailing device Capsize or righting line	Not less than 10m in let Only on vessels that are ONLY for multi-hull ves	alternative means on ngth, not required for not self draining sels.	or sail board		 - -
5 6 Annex	Bailing device	Not less than 10m in less only on vessels that are ONLY for multi-hull vessequipment carried on control of the	alternative means on ngth, not required for not self draining sels. ommercial vessels i	or sail board		 - -
5 6 Annex 2(1)(3)(1)	Bailing device Capsize or righting line Marking of equipment	Not less than 10m in less only on vessels that are ONLY for multi-hull vessel Equipment carried on country the vessels number and	alternative means on the near of the not self draining sels. Sommercial vessels of the name.	or sail board	ked with	- - - -
5 6 Annex 2(1)(3)(1) Annex	Bailing device Capsize or righting line	Not less than 10m in let Only on vessels that are ONLY for multi-hull vess Equipment carried on c the vessels number and IF vessel is trailer borne	alternative means on the near of the not self draining sels. Sommercial vessels of the name.	or sail board	ked with	 - - -
5 6 Annex 2(1)(3)(1)	Bailing device Capsize or righting line Marking of equipment	Not less than 10m in let Only on vessels that are ONLY for multi-hull vessel Equipment carried on conthe vessels number and IF vessel is trailer borned Vessels Name	alternative means on the near of the not self draining sels. Sommercial vessels of the name.	or sail board	ked with	
5 6 Annex 2(1)(3)(1) Annex	Bailing device Capsize or righting line Marking of equipment	Not less than 10m in let Only on vessels that are ONLY for multi-hull vessel Equipment carried on conthe vessels number and IF vessel is trailer borned Vessels Name Owners Name	alternative means on the not self draining sels. ommercial vessels in the following mark	or sail board	ked with	
5 6 Annex 2(1)(3)(1) Annex 2(1)(3)(2)	Bailing device Capsize or righting line Marking of equipment Trailer to be marked	Not less than 10m in let Only on vessels that are ONLY for multi-hull vess Equipment carried on co the vessels number and IF vessel is trailer borned Vessels Name Owners Name Emergency contact det	alternative means on the not self draining sels. ommercial vessels of the name. the following mark ails.	or sail board	ked with	+
5 6 Annex 2(1)(3)(1) Annex 2(1)(3)(2) Annex	Bailing device Capsize or righting line Marking of equipment Trailer to be marked EPIRB/PLB	Not less than 10m in let Only on vessels that are ONLY for multi-hull vessel Equipment carried on conthe vessels number and IF vessel is trailer borned Vessels Name Owners Name	alternative means on the not self draining sels. ommercial vessels of the name. the following mark ails.	or sail board	ked with	- - - - -
5 6 Annex 2(1)(3)(1) Annex 2(1)(3)(2)	Bailing device Capsize or righting line Marking of equipment Trailer to be marked EPIRB/PLB Emergency Position Indicating Radio Beacon	Not less than 10m in let Only on vessels that are ONLY for multi-hull vess Equipment carried on conthe vessels number and IF vessel is trailer borned Vessels Name Owners Name Emergency contact deta NOT required by regula	alternative means on the not self draining sels. ommercial vessels of the following markets ails.	or sail board must be mark	ked with	- - - -
5 6 Annex 2(1)(3)(1) Annex 2(1)(3)(2) Annex	Bailing device Capsize or righting line Marking of equipment Trailer to be marked EPIRB/PLB	Not less than 10m in let Only on vessels that are ONLY for multi-hull vess Equipment carried on co the vessels number and IF vessel is trailer borned Vessels Name Owners Name Emergency contact det	alternative means on the not self draining sels. commercial vessels of the following mark ails. tion.	must be mark	ked with	\-\-\-\-\-\-\-\-\-\-\-\-\-\-\-\-\-\-\-

REGULATION 37(3)(a) BUOYANCY CERTIFICATE

It is NOT required by regulation or policy for boats of this category to carry buoyancy certificates.

However, owners may wish to document the buoyancy installed in their boats.

CAT E&R Power driven vessels not exceeding 15HP and CAT D.E&R sailing dinghies and non-power driven vessel of less than 7m.

CAT E&R Power driven vessels not exceeding 15HP and CAT D,E&R sailing dinghies and non-power driven vessel of less than 7m.							
Vessel Description and Category:							
Construction:							
<u>construction.</u>							
Propulsion:							
	<u>i):</u> [See reg 37 checklist for clarity and requirent buoyancy to keep the vessel <u>afloat</u>						
Compliance							
Insert details of theoretical calculation or photograph of practical test that shows compliance. If built-in buoyancy is carried, photographic evidence must be inserted here.							
and in such and it is controlled, proceeds upone							
This vessel is designed and for	und to have sufficient buoyancy for u	se in the following categories.					
	ete the categories that are not applica						
Category R:	Category E:	Category D:					
Tidal lagoons; Tidal Rivers; Waters within the breakwaters of a port	Within 1 nautical mile from shore and 15 nautical miles from an approved	Within 5 nautical miles from shore.					
and Inland waters.	launch site.						
Name and Signature of Buoyancy Checker	Date	Contact Details					